

Large-scale Industries

Large scale industries (LSIs) with investment more than Medium Manufacturing Enterprises, under MSMED Act 2006, will be offered incentives that will be graded in a way so as to assist dispersal of investment to industrially under-developed areas. A basket of incentives listed below, their aggregate amount not exceeding the ceiling in the following table, will be offered to eligible Large Scale Industries (LSIs)

Taluka/ Area Classification	Monetary ceiling as per cent of admissible Fixed Capital Investment*	Eligibility Period (years)
A	-	7
B	-	7
C	30	7
D	40	7
D+	50	7
No Industry Districts	70	7
Naxalism Affected Area	80	7

Note: Maximum disbursement of the incentives every year will be proportionate to the monetary ceiling and eligibility period.

- Every year, in areas other than A & B areas, the Industrial Promotion Subsidy payable will be calculated at the rate of 60% to 100% of VAT on local sales minus ITC or zero whichever is more + CST payable on eligible finished products.
- In areas other than A & B areas, to provide thrust to Food Processing Sector in the State, eligible units will be granted additional 10 per cent incentives and additional 1 year towards Eligibility Period.
- 75 per cent reimbursement of cost of water and energy audit limited to ₹ 1 lakh for water audit and ₹ 2 lakh for energy audit, shall be admissible. The audit will be conducted through empanelled agencies. Also 50 per cent cost of capital equipment required for undertaking measures to conserve water and energy, limited to ₹ 5 lakh each will be granted to eligible units in the State.
- In addition to incentives listed above, eligible large units will be entitled to 100 per cent stamp duty exemption within investment period for acquiring land (including assignment of lease rights and sale certificate) and for term loan purposes. However in A and B areas, Stamp Duty exemption will be offered only to IT and BT units in IT and BT Parks. Eligible Units under PSI 2007 Scheme will also be eligible for stamp duty exemption for their Investment Period.
- Eligible new units in C, D, D+, No Industries Districts and Naxalism affected Area will also be entitled to exemption from payment of electricity duty for a tenure equal to the eligibility period. However in A and B areas, Electricity Duty exemption will be offered to 100 per cent EOU Large Scale units and IT/BT units for 7 years.

SUPPORT TO MSMEs

Cluster Promotion- New Plan Scheme

Clusters can greatly assist in the success and development of individual MSME units by providing economies of scale, reduced transaction costs, information spill overs, development of marketplace, adequate supply of raw materials at stable prices, skill development, technical know-how and access to latest technologies, thereby improving the competitiveness of these units.

The Ministry of MSME, Government of India, provides financial assistance for setting up Common Facility Centres (CFCs) under the MSE-CDP. The State assistance offered under the scheme vide GRs SME 2009/(229)IND-7 dated 9.6.2010 and SME2010/ (1017) IND-7 dated 22.10.2010 is proposed to be continued. This commendable concept needs to be taken to smaller clusters in industrially under developed areas of the State.

In this regard, the State Government will offer fiscal assistance by way of grant up to 70 per cent on the cost of plant and machinery in approved CFCs. For clusters consisting of 100 per cent micro enterprises, or a minimum of 50 per cent women-promoted enterprises, the grant will be enhanced up to 80 per cent. The grant for the preparation of Detailed Project Report (DPR) and setting up of CFC will be restricted to a maximum of ₹ 5 crore per cluster (project cost to include cost of land, building, plant and machineries and pre-operative expenses).

The assistance will be provided to the Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) specifically set up for the purpose. CFCs set up in D, D+ areas, No Industry Districts and Naxalism affected areas as defined under the Package Scheme of Incentives, 2013 will be eligible for receiving grant for setting up of CFC under a new plan scheme of State CFC Assistance. A State Level Steering Committee will evaluate and approve the proposals for CFCs.

Competitiveness Enhancement

The National Manufacturing Competitiveness Council formulated the National Manufacturing Competitiveness Programme (NMCP) in 2005, with the aim of supporting MSMEs in their endeavour to become competitive in both domestic as well as international markets. To complement the NMCP and to reach out to MSMEs located in the industrially underdeveloped regions of Maharashtra, the State Government will launch the State Manufacturing Competitiveness Programme (SMCP). SMCP will focus on soft interventions through the following components: Marketing Assistance Scheme, Skill Development Scheme, Assistance for Lean Manufacturing, and Design Assistance Scheme.

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- a. Marketing Assistance Scheme:** To improve the competitiveness of MSMEs in marketing, both at the national and international level, the State Government will offer assistance for providing inputs on up-gradation in packaging techniques and technologies as well as for participation in state/district-level fairs.
- b. Skill Development Scheme:** According to the findings of Prime Minister's Task force on MSME, although the country has a large pool of human resources, the two constraints faced by manufacturing sector are availability of skilled manpower and a high rate of attrition. In order to address this, the State Government proposes to support the design and implementation of need-based skill development programmes.
- c. Assistance for Lean Manufacturing Scheme:** This scheme will be offered to MSMEs with a view to reducing waste, increasing productivity, introducing innovative practices, and reinforcing good management systems. It is proposed to support MSMEs in implementing lean manufacturing techniques so as to reduce their manufacturing costs through better personnel management, improved space utilization, sound inventory management, improved processes, and thereby improve their manufacturing cost competitiveness.
- d. Design Assistance Scheme:** The Design Assistance scheme has been developed with a view to promoting the application of design and innovation among MSMEs. Through improvements in design, an MSME can move up the value chain, thereby becoming more competitive.

The Programme will be implemented through SPVs formed for setting up CFCs, Industry Associations and reputed expert organizations and institutions. The component-wise detailed modalities and policy in this regard shall be formulated by the State Level Committee under Package Scheme of Incentives and shall be issued with the approval of the Government.

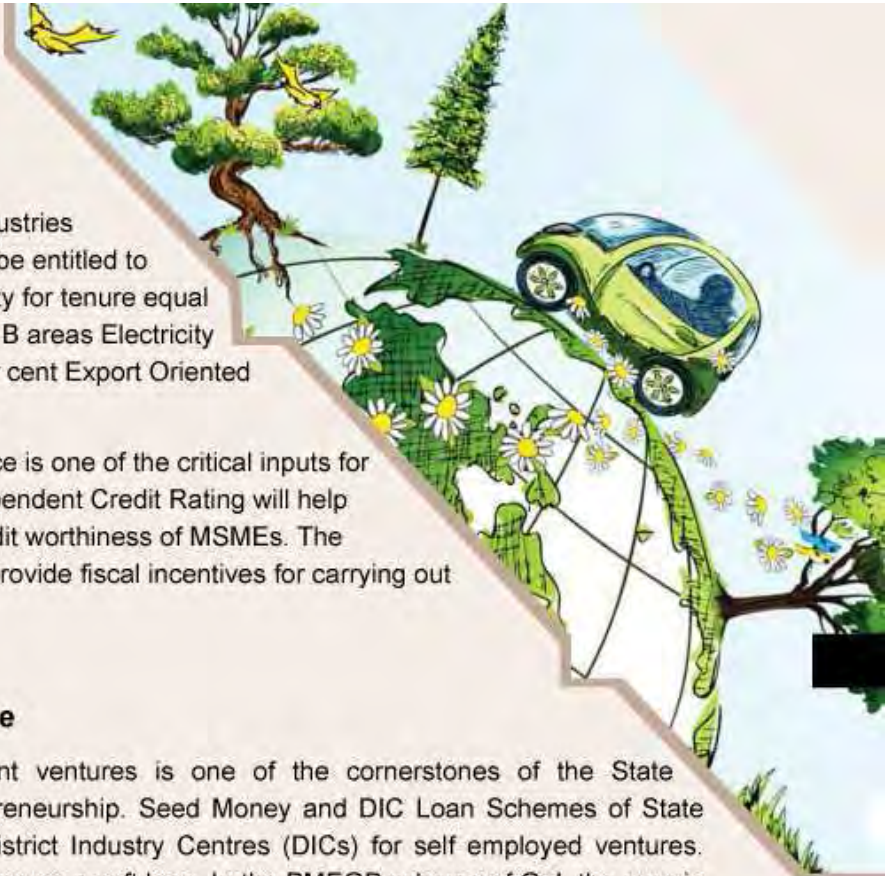
Fiscal Incentives to MSME

For financial sustainability of MSMEs, the State Government, through Package Scheme of Incentives 2011, will provide a basket of fiscal support with the intent to lower cost of finances, and provide aid in the critical initial stage of operations. The incentives will be graded in a manner to provide fillip to MSMEs in the industrially underdeveloped areas of the state. A basket of incentives listed below, their aggregate amount not exceeding the ceiling in the following table, will be offered to eligible MSMEs.

Taluka/ Area Classification	Monetary ceiling as per cent of admissible Fixed Capital Investment*	Eligibility Period (years)
A	-	7
B	20	7
C	40	7
D	70	10
D+	80	10
No Industry Districts	90	10
Naxalism Affected Area	100	10

Note: Maximum disbursement of the incentives every year will be proportionate to the monetary ceiling and eligibility period.

- a. Every year, in areas other than A areas, Industrial Promotion Subsidy will be equal to VAT on local sales minus ITC or zero whichever is more + CST payable + 20% to 100% of ITC on eligible finished products.
- b. The power tariff subsidy, for eligible new units located (other than A areas) in Vidarbha, Marathwada, North Maharashtra, and Districts of Raigad, Ratnagiri and Sindhudurg in Konkan will be to the extent of ₹ 1/- per unit consumed and in other areas (except A areas), to the tune of ₹ 0.50/- per unit consumed for 3 years from the date of commencement of commercial production.
- c. In areas other than A area, Interest subsidy @ 5 per cent p.a., maximum upto the value of electricity consumed and bills paid for that year, will be admissible.
- d. To provide thrust to Food Processing Sector in the State, Eligible units will be granted additional 10 per cent incentives and additional 1 year towards Eligibility Period.
- e. 75 per cent reimbursement of cost of water and energy audit will be admissible. The audit will be conducted through empanelled agencies. Assistance by way of 50 per cent grant limited to ₹ 1 lakh for water audit and ₹ 2 lakh for energy audit will be extended to eligible units. Also 50 per cent cost of capital equipment required for undertaking measures to conserve water and energy, limited to ₹ 5 lakh each will be granted to eligible units in the State.
- f. The incentives for improving Quality Competitiveness, Research and Development, Technology Up-gradation and Cleaner Production Measures will be continued with suitable modifications.
- g. In addition to incentives listed above, eligible MSMEs will be entitled to 100 per cent stamp duty exemption within investment period for acquiring land (including assignment of lease rights and sale certificate) and for term loan purposes. However in A and B areas Stamp Duty exemption will be offered only to IT and BT units in IT and BT Parks. Eligible Units under PSI 2007 Scheme will also be eligible for stamp duty exemption for their Investment Period.

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- h. Eligible New MSMEs in C, D, D+, No Industries Districts and Naxalism affected Area will be entitled to exemption from payment of electricity duty for tenure equal to the eligibility period. However in A and B areas Electricity Duty exemption will be offered to 100 per cent Export Oriented MSMEs and IT/BT units for seven years.
- i. Timely, adequate and lower cost of finance is one of the critical inputs for survival and growth of MSMEs. An independent Credit Rating will help financial institutions in assessing the credit worthiness of MSMEs. The Government will formulate a scheme to provide fiscal incentives for carrying out credit rating.

Modification in Seed Money Scheme

Promotion of small scale self-employment ventures is one of the cornerstones of the State Government's efforts to encourage entrepreneurship. Seed Money and DIC Loan Schemes of State Government are being implemented by District Industry Centres (DICs) for self employed ventures. Under these schemes, margin money is given as a soft loan. In the PMEGP scheme of GoI, the margin money is being provided as back-end subsidy. This scheme is also being implemented by DICs but due to the limited targets/funds, the coverage of the scheme is limited. Therefore it is proposed to merge and modify the state schemes on the lines of PMEGP of GoI.

Revival of Sick Units

Sick and viable units according to RBI guidelines and duly taken up for rehabilitation by the concerned financial institution, will be offered re-schedulement of pending State Government dues for a period of 5 years with simple interest @ 7 per cent p.a. This existing scheme will be continued

ENCOURAGE GREEN INITIATIVES AND TECHNOLOGY UPGRADATION

With increasing industrial development and globalization, countries are becoming more and more conscious about the environment and are focusing on sustainable development. The State Government of Maharashtra is also focusing on promotion of environment-friendly development through green and clean technologies, conservation of natural resources, waste minimization and recycling, etc. MIDC has taken up many environment-friendly initiatives such as common effluent treatment facilities, scientific disposal of waste, recycling and reuse of water, rain water harvesting and promotion of energy efficient technologies and measures.

This Industrial Policy seeks to promote green and sustainable development through measures like incentives for energy conservation and energy audit. Energy saving achieved through energy efficiency and conservation also reduces the extent of fuel, mining, transport, water and land required for power plants, thereby mitigating environmental pollution. This Policy also promotes the adoption of Lean Manufacturing Techniques by industries and clusters as part of SMCP, which will help the units in minimising wastage of raw materials. Incentives are also being given to SMEs for water conservation, waste water treatment and water audit.

UDYOG DIWAS

To provide a common platform for industries, especially MSMEs, to showcase their products and capabilities, it is proposed to hold annual Udyog Diwas celebrations in every district of the state. During the Udyog Diwas celebration, exhibitions, workshops, seminars and presentation of District Awards for MSMEs will be organized. The District Advisory Committee under the Chairmanship of District Collector, will coordinate and monitor planning and execution of this programme. The celebration will seek to project the industrial potential of the district, emerging opportunities for industrial development and bring the entire industrial fraternity together on a common platform. To further the economic progress of the district, opportunities and schemes for self-employment will also be an important part of this Programme. The District Awards Scheme will be suitably recast to encourage the MSMEs.

STRENGTHENING OF DISTRICT INDUSTRY CENTRES

District Industry Centres (DICs) play a pivotal role in the promotion of MSMEs at the district level. The Prime Minister's Task Force has outlined a need to strengthen the DICs to enable them to provide comprehensive information on policies and schemes, as well as to support MSMEs in marketing, skill development, entrepreneurship development, and in the revival and/or exit of sick MSME units. In this endeavour, the DICs will be strengthened by improving infrastructure (including IT infrastructure) and undertaking capacity building measures for the manpower. The Prime Minister's Task Force proposes to assist the States by providing funds to strengthen the DICs. The State Government will provide matching grants for the provisions made by the Government of India in this regard.

OTHER INITIATIVES

Special Incentives for Industries in Naxalism-affected Talukas

The Government recognizes the effect of Industrial development in Naxalism-affected areas. With the aim of attracting industrial investment to the Naxalism-affected Talukas, special incentives are being offered to micro, small, medium, large and mega projects manufacturing units eligible under PSI, 2013.

Amnesty Scheme for Unviable and Closed Units

It is imperative to unlock the precious assets including land, within unviable and closed units. Such units that fulfill the following criteria will be offered a convenient exit through the Special Amnesty Scheme.

- a. Closure for more than 1 year or declaration of insolvency by a court, and
- b. Unit is unviable according to RBI guidelines.
- c. There should be change in Management and the unit should be further run successfully

Eligible units will be offered complete waiver of interest and penalty provided that the principal amount is repaid in one single installment. The scheme will be applicable to all relevant Government dues, and will be offered to semi-government institutions/companies/bodies as well. The scheme will be open for a period of 1 year. The scheme will be extended for such further period as deemed fit.



Amendments to Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Land Act, 1948 (BT & AL Act)

Government will review and make the following amendments to the Bombay Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act, 1948 (BT&AL Act).

- The period within which the land acquired is put into bona fide industrial use, will be revised from 15 to 5 years.
- The minimum land area for bona fide industrial area covered under BT & AL Act will be revised to 5 Hectares from 10 Hectares.

Industrial Location Policy in Mumbai Metropolitan Region (MMR)

In the MMR Industrial Location Policy, a list of non-polluting, high tech or high value added industries permitted within MMR region is given in Schedule I. The State Government will review the policy and make suitable amendments, keeping in view the changing needs of enterprises in the MMR areas.

Proportionate Recovery from Closed Units

The recovery of incentives proposed from the units which have availed of benefits under Package Scheme of Incentives and closed during EC period / Operative period, shall be proportionate to the total period (E.C. period plus Operative period) and the closure period.

Royalty and NA Exemption

Exemption of royalty on excavation of minor minerals in industrial areas for development of land and NA tax is proposed to be continued.

SECTOR-SPECIFIC POLICIES OF STATES RELATED TO INDUSTRIES

The State Government has formulated and amended policies for different sectors such as IT, BT, Agro Processing industries etc. The existing policies of State Government related to industrial and infrastructure development are as below:

- a. Information Technology Policy: The State Government formulated the IT and ITES Policy 2009 in continuation of its efforts to attract IT investment and retain Maharashtra's leadership position in this sector. This policy has attracted substantial investment in IT and ITES sector and was instrumental in creating IT hubs in cities such as Pune, Pimpri-Chinchwad and New Mumbai. The IT /ITES policy is valid till August 14, 2014.
- b. Bio Technology Policy: The BT Policy 2001 aspires to develop the entire value chain from farmers to the biotech industry houses by providing infrastructure support, facilitation, incentives etc. The BT Policy offers a range of incentives to private BT Parks.
- c. Grapes Processing Industry Policy: The State Government has formulated the Grape Processing Industry Policy, with a view to supporting grape production and infrastructure for wine parks across the state.
- d. New policy for Power Generation from Non-conventional Energy Sources, 2008: This policy applies to wind power projects of more than 2000 MW capacity, cogeneration power plants of 1000 MW capacity, biomass based power plants of 400 MW capacity and small hydro projects of 100 MW capacity.
- e. Maharashtra State Policy for Investment in the Power Generation Sector for Capacity addition of 500 MW and above.
- f. Textile Policy 2012

The State Government is also in the process of formulating progressive policies in the areas of PPP, agro processing, handicrafts, and labour.

COMMITTEE FOR MONITORING AND REVIEW

In order to ensure effective implementation of the Policy and also to provide necessary clarifications/ interpretation and to monitor progress of the implementation, a committee headed by Principal Secretary (Industries) consisting of members of Finance, Planning and Labour departments, CEO (MIDC) and Development Commissioner (Industries) is proposed.

SCHEDULE-A

Policy for Development of “Integrated Industrial Areas”

The Government of India enacted the Special Economic Zone Act, 2005 and made the Special Economic Zone Rules, 2006 thereunder. A number of SEZs were notified under this Act in Maharashtra. However quite a few notified SEZs have been either denotified or withdrawn on account of unfavourable market conditions as well as reduced incentive regime for the SEZs and there is every possibility of more SEZs, opting to be denotified or withdrawn in future. The State Government is of the opinion that under these circumstances an appropriate exit policy must be introduced which would facilitate both industrialization and planned development of such areas. Looking to this aspect, the Government vide Resolution No.IIPolicy-2010/CR-768/2010/IND-2, dated 20th July, 2012 appointed a Committee under the Chairmanship of the Director of Town Planning, Maharashtra State, Pune, to look into the above matter and draft a policy to utilize the lands under the denotified/withdrawn SEZs. The Committee, after considerable deliberation and meetings with the concerned, submitted its report to the Govt. on 23.11.2012. The recommendations made by the said Committee have been duly examined and have been accepted with certain modifications. The Policy finally adopted by the Govt. in this regard is as under-

1. Lands under the SEZs that were notified on MIDC lands, upon de-notification of such SEZs, shall be developed as per the Development Control Regulations (DCR) of MIDC.
2. Lands under the SEZs located on CIDCO land and jointly promoted by CIDCO, upon de-notification of such SEZs, shall be eligible for Development as Integrated Industrial Area, with CIDCO as the Special Planning Authority. CIDCO shall frame special Development Control Regulations for such Integrated Industrial Areas, with the approval of the Government in Urban Development Department.
3. Lands under I.T./B.T. SEZs, admeasuring less than 40 Ha, after de-notification of such SEZs could be developed as per the prevailing IT/BT policy of the State Government.
4. a) Private lands, not acquired under the Land Acquisition Act of 1894 or Maharashtra Industrial Development Act of 1961 and
b) Lands acquired only for the purpose of joint venture SEZs by the MIDC under MID Act, 1961 or by the CIDCO under the Land Acquisition Act 1894, admeasuring at least 40 Ha. and falling under the Special Economic Zones (SEZs), that stand withdrawn or de-notified on the date of Notification u/s 37(IAA) of the MRTP Act 1966 that shall be published by the Govt. to incorporate the elements of this policy into the DCRs of the concerned Special Planning Authority, (hereinafter called the Appointed Date) and the SEZs that are de-notified or withdrawn after formal approval within a period of 6 months from the Appointed Date, shall be eligible to be developed as “Integrated Industrial Areas” and MIDC, or as the case maybe CIDCO, shall be the Special Planning Authority for such

areas. On Private lands and lands acquired by the MIDC under the MID Act 1961, for the purpose of Joint Ventures SEZ's, the notification for "Integrated Industrial Areas" shall be issued by the MIDC for which necessary provision shall be incorporated in the MID Act 1961. Within the afore said period of 6 months from the Appointed Date, the concurrence of the State Government shall be deemed to have been granted to any proposal of de-notification of SEZ. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, in case of joint venture SEZs of MIDC or CIDCO, if the decision regarding joint venture had been taken with the approval of the State Cabinet, then the decision pertaining to notification of "Integrated Industrial Area" over the area of such joint venture SEZ, shall also require approval of the State Cabinet.

5. The planning proposals for Integrated Industrial Areas shall be prepared by the concerned Special Planning Authority (SPA) and approved by the Director, Town Planning, and Maharashtra State under section 115(3) of MRTP Act 1966. However, building plans for individual plots within such Integrated Industrial Areas shall be approved by the concerned Special Planning Authority.
6. The Integrated Industrial Areas established under this policy will have to be developed within a period of 10 years, and such areas shall be declared as Industrial Townships U/s 341 F of the Maharashtra Municipal Councils, Nagar Panchayats and Industrial Townships Act 1965.
7. The Development Control Regulations for development of Integrated Industrial Areas, shall, inter alia, incorporate the following salient features:

(i)	Applicant	Application for developing Integrated Industrial Area can be made by the concerned Land Owners or by their appointed Developer or a Joint Venture Company formed by the Land Owners with any Developer.
(ii)	Area Requirement	To be eligible for being declared as "Integrated Industrial Areas", the de-notified /withdrawn SEZs, shall have minimum 24 mtrs. wide means of access. The area to be notified as Integrated Industrial Areas shall be free from all encumbrances, contiguous and not be less than 40 Ha. (100 acres) at one place.

(iii)	Manner of Notification	On private lands and lands acquired by the MIDC under MID Act 1961 for the purpose of joint venture SEZs, Integrated Industrial Area shall be notified by the MIDC after receiving a proposal from the applicant. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Development Plan or the Regional plan, upon such notification, such area shall be developed as per the DCRs framed by the MIDC for this purpose. For this purpose, procedure under Section 20 read with section 18 of the Maharashtra Regional and Town Planning Act, 1966 shall not be necessary.
(iv)	Permissible land-uses	Minimum 60% of the total area notified as "Integrated Industrial Area" shall be used for industrial development and the remaining 40% area, for the development of support activities including Residential and Commercial activities. Out of the total area earmarked for support activities, one fourth area shall be used for purely commercial /economic activities and the remaining three fourth area shall be used for residential and other non-residential uses like residential, educational, health facilities, amenity space, public utilities, Gardens/Play Grounds etc. However development permission for commercial, residential and non residential activities shall be given only after the development of infrastructure facilities on the area earmarked for industrial development and after disposal of 1/3 rd area kept for Industrial development.
(v)	F.S.I. for Integrated Industrial Area	<p>The maximum permissible FSI on the gross area of the notified Integrated Industrial Area shall vary in accordance with the land-use zone , as follows -</p> <p>i) In residential and industrial zone - 1.00</p> <p>ii) In agriculture/no development/urbanisable zone - 0.50</p> <p>However FSI in the no development zone shall be allowed to be increased from 0.5 to 1.0 subject to payment of premium at the rate to be decided by the Government.</p> <p>Floating of FSI shall not be permissible from the area of Industrial user to the area of Support Activities or vice versa, but floating of FSI shall be permitted within the respective areas of Industrial Development and Support Activity separately.</p>

(vi)	Planning Authority	<p>i) The MIDC shall be declared as the Special Planning Authority under section 40 (1) (b) of the MRTP, Act 1966 for the Integrated Industrial Areas on private lands and under section 40 (1) (a) on the lands acquired by the MIDC under MID Act 1961 for the purpose of Joint Venture SEZs.</p> <p>ii) The CIDCO shall be declared as the Special Planning Authority under section 40 (1)(b) of the MRTP, Act 1966 for the Integrated Industrial Areas on lands acquired by the CIDCO under Land Acquisition Act, 1894 for the purpose of Joint Venture SEZs.</p>
(vii)	DCR	Prevailing Development Control Regulations of MIDC/CIDCO shall be applicable mutatis mutandis to the areas for which MIDC/CIDCO are declared as special planning authority, excepting those expressly provided in the Special Development Control Regulations framed for the Integrated Industrial Areas.
(viii)	Environmental Clearance	Environmental clearance shall have to be obtained as per directions issued by the MoEF Notification No. S.O801(E) dated 7th July 2004. as amended from time to time.
(ix)	Final approval/ Approval of Master Plan	Planning proposal of the entire Integrated Industrial Area, shall be approved by the Director of Town Planning, Maharashtra State, Pune u/s 115, after following the procedure as per the section 40 (3) & 115 of MRTP Act, 1966.
(x)	Approval of Building Plans	The Special Planning Authority shall approve the detailed building plans.
(xi)	Appeal	Any one aggrieved by an order passed by the Special Planning Authority may within forty days of the date of communication of the order, prefer an appeal to the Government in the Urban Development Department.

(xii)	Special Concessions	<p>i) Non-agriculture permission- will be automatic and no separate NA permission shall be required following notification of any area as Integrated Industrial Area.</p> <p>ii) Scrutiny fee in respect of development proposals in the Integrated Industrial Area shall be partially exempted by the MIDC</p>
(xiii)	Implementation and Completion	Development of any notified Integrated Industrial Area shall be completed within 10 years from the date of final sanction to the layout plan of the Area.
(xiv)	Local Governance	Once the area is declared and developed as Integrated Industrial Area, the same shall be notified as Industrial Township as per Section 341 F of the Maharashtra Municipal Councils, Nagar Panchayats and Industrial Townships Act, 1965 and thereafter the said authority shall provide local governance to the area declared as Integrated Industrial Area.
(xv)	Infrastructure Facilities	All the onsite infrastructure in the Integrated Industrial Area shall be provided and maintained by the Developer till Industrial Township as contemplated U/S 341 F of the Maharashtra Municipal Councils, Nagar Panchayats and Industrial Townships Act 1965 is constituted for such area. However, it would be obligatory on the part of the Developer to provide all basic infrastructure on at least 75% area under the Integrated Industrial Area within 3 years from the date of sanction of development proposals by the Director of Town Planning, Maharashtra State, Pune; otherwise the declaration made by MIDC as Integrated Industrial Areas shall lapse.
(xvi)	Interpretation	If any question or dispute arises with regard to interpretation of the regulations regarding Integrated Industrial Areas the matter shall be referred to the State Government.
(xvii)	Saving	Any permission granted to or any action taken under the Regulations in force for such SEZs, prior to denotification of such SEZs, shall be treated as valid and shall continue to be so valid, unless otherwise specified.
(xviii)	Strengthening of Manpower and Machinery in M.I.D.C.	Presently MIDC has its own staff to undertake planning and development of the areas within its jurisdiction, which may prove inadequate for handling the new responsibilities being cast on it. Therefore, additional staff and machinery, as required for handling the additional tasks in the context of the proposed Integrated Industrial areas, shall be created in MIDC.



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